003.26:621.39+530.145

## PING-PONG PROTOCOL WITH COMPLETELY ENTANGLED STATES OF PAIRS AND TRIPLETS OF THREE-DIMENSIONAL QUANTUM SYSTEMS

## VASILIU E.V.

**Summary.** Two new versions of the ping-pong protocol of a quantum secure direct communication using completely entangled states of pairs and triplets of three-dimensional quantum systems are offered. These variants of the ping-pong protocol possess greater information capacity, than corresponding variants of the protocol with pairs and triplets of entangled qubits. The coding schemes and the measurements schemes for an eavesdropping control mode are developed. Detailed descriptions of the offered protocols are given.



, _ _	[2], ( ) ( ). [2]
,	· [12, 13]. , , · · [14].
n . 10 ,	[15].
, . ,	· ( ) (
$\log_2 9 \approx 3,17$	$-\log_2 27 \approx 4,75$ .
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
. [18, 19].	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
, , ,	- , ,
. [20]	- , , ,
, , _ , ,	· , , ,
,	·
1 , (), ,	, ,
[2, 21].	- , [22].
, _	,
, , , .	,

,

	,	-
,	-	$\cdot \  \Psi \rangle  \Psi $
( . 1),		$ 1_{00}/\cdots 1_{22}$
[23].		_
– ,	$ \Psi_{00} angle.$ , , ,	
1	$\left \Psi_{00} ight angle$ ,	$\left \Psi_{00} ight angle\ldots\left \Psi_{22} ight angle$
(	)	, [23]
,	( 1).	. 1
,	$ \Psi_{00} angle$ .	$ \Psi_{22}\rangle.$
1-	$ \Psi_{\alpha}\rangle  \Psi_{\alpha}\rangle   =$	
	$U_{::}$	
$\left  \Psi_{ij}  ight angle$	$ \Psi_{00}\rangle  \Psi_{ij}\rangle,$	, $\left \Psi_{ij} ight angle$
$ \Psi_{00}\rangle = ( 00\rangle +  11\rangle +  22\rangle)/\sqrt{3}$	$U_{00} =  0\rangle\langle 0  +  1\rangle\langle 1  +  2\rangle\langle 2 $	00
$ \Psi_{10}\rangle = \left( 00\rangle + e^{2\pi i/3} 11\rangle + e^{4\pi i/3} 22\rangle\right)/\sqrt{3}$	$U_{10} =  0\rangle\langle 0  + e^{2\pi i/3}  1\rangle\langle 1  + e^{4\pi i/3}  2\rangle\langle 2 $	10
$ \Psi_{20}\rangle = \left( 00\rangle + e^{4\pi i/3} 11\rangle + e^{2\pi i/3} 22\rangle\right)/\sqrt{3}$	$U_{20} =  0\rangle\langle 0  + e^{4\pi i/3}  1\rangle\langle 1  + e^{2\pi i/3}  2\rangle\langle 2 $	20
$ \Psi_{01}\rangle = ( 01\rangle +  12\rangle +  20\rangle)/\sqrt{3}$	$U_{01} =  1\rangle\langle 0  +  2\rangle\langle 1  +  0\rangle\langle 2 $	01
$ \Psi_{11}\rangle = \left( 01\rangle + e^{2\pi i/3} 12\rangle + e^{4\pi i/3} 20\rangle\right)/\sqrt{3}$	$U_{11} =  1\rangle\langle 0  + e^{2\pi i/3}  2\rangle\langle 1  + e^{4\pi i/3}  0\rangle\langle 2 $	11
$ \Psi_{21}\rangle = \left( 01\rangle + e^{4\pi i/3} 12\rangle + e^{2\pi i/3} 20\rangle\right)/\sqrt{3}$	$U_{21} =  1\rangle\langle 0  + e^{4\pi i/3}  2\rangle\langle 1  + e^{2\pi i/3}  0\rangle\langle 2 $	21
$ \Psi_{02}\rangle = ( 02\rangle +  10\rangle +  21\rangle)/\sqrt{3}$	$U_{02} =  2\rangle\langle 0  +  0\rangle\langle 1  +  1\rangle\langle 2 $	02
$ \Psi_{12}\rangle = \left( 02\rangle + e^{2\pi i/3} 10\rangle + e^{4\pi i/3} 21\rangle\right)/\sqrt{3}$	$U_{12} =  2\rangle\langle 0  + e^{2\pi i/3}  0\rangle\langle 1  + e^{4\pi i/3}  1\rangle\langle 2 $	12
$ \Psi_{22}\rangle = \left( 02\rangle + e^{4\pi i/3} 10\rangle + e^{2\pi i/3} 21\rangle\right)/\sqrt{3}$	$U_{22} =  2\rangle\langle 0  + e^{4\pi i/3} 0\rangle\langle 1  + e^{2\pi i/3} 1\rangle\langle 2 $	22

1.

2.

,

 $\left| \Psi_{00} 
ight
angle$  ,

("

,

")

,

\_

.

,

[17].

("

. 1).

(

-

-

")

•





), , 
$$\langle e_i | e_j \rangle = 1/\sqrt{d}$$
,  $d -$  ,  $\langle d = 3$  ).

t-

*v*-

:

[20], х-

•

,

*z*-

$$|z_0\rangle = |0\rangle, \qquad |z_1\rangle = |1\rangle, \qquad |z_2\rangle = |2\rangle;$$

$$|x_0\rangle = (|0\rangle + |1\rangle + |2\rangle)/\sqrt{3}, \qquad (1)$$

,

$$|x_{1}\rangle = (|0\rangle + e^{2\pi i/3}|1\rangle + e^{-2\pi i/3}|2\rangle)/\sqrt{3},$$
  

$$|x_{2}\rangle = (|0\rangle + e^{-2\pi i/3}|1\rangle + e^{2\pi i/3}|2\rangle)/\sqrt{3};$$
(2)

$$\begin{aligned} |v_{0}\rangle &= \left(e^{2\pi i/3}|0\rangle + |1\rangle + |2\rangle\right) / \sqrt{3} ,\\ |v_{1}\rangle &= \left(|0\rangle + e^{2\pi i/3}|1\rangle + |2\rangle\right) / \sqrt{3} ,\\ |v_{2}\rangle &= \left(|0\rangle + |1\rangle + e^{2\pi i/3}|2\rangle\right) / \sqrt{3} ; \end{aligned}$$

$$(3)$$

$\left t_{0}\right\rangle = \left(e^{-2\pi i/3}\left 0\right\rangle + \left 1\right\rangle + \left 2\right\rangle\right)/\sqrt{3};$	
$ig t_1ig angle=ig(ig 0ig angle+e^{-2\pi i/3}ig 1ig angle+ig 2ig angleig)\!ig/\sqrt{3}$ ;	
$ t_2\rangle = ( 0\rangle +  1\rangle + e^{-2\pi i/3} 2\rangle)/\sqrt{3}.$	(4)

 $\left|\Psi_{00}
ight
angle$ 

\_

$$|\Psi_{00}\rangle = (|00\rangle + |11\rangle + |22\rangle)/\sqrt{3} = (|x_0x_0\rangle + |x_1x_2\rangle + |x_2x_1\rangle)/\sqrt{3} = = (|t_0v_0\rangle + |t_1v_1\rangle + |t_2v_2\rangle)/\sqrt{3} = (|v_0t_0\rangle + |v_1t_1\rangle + |v_2t_2\rangle)/\sqrt{3}.$$
(5)

,

(5). *z*-, vt-\_ ,

,

, 1), (5). ( "1", , "2". \_ "0", , (5), v-(5) "0". t-

,

[1].

\_

-". -

22

,

\_

•

(1) – (4):



\_

\_

,

) [23].

,

(

,

			27-		[23]:			
	$ \Psi_{k}\rangle$	$_{nm} \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \sum_{i=0}^{2} e^{2i i \pi i}$	$2^{\pi i jk/3}  j\rangle \otimes  .$	$j + n \mod d$	$ 13\rangle j + m$	$mod3\rangle$ ,		(
k, n, m = 02.		<b>1</b> - <i>j</i> =0						
	$ \Psi_{000}\rangle =$	$( 000\rangle +  111\rangle$	$+ 222\rangle)/\sqrt{3}$					
	0007		•	,				
27-					27	7		•
$ \Psi_{i}\rangle\langle\Psi_{i} \rangle_{k}$	n, m = 0	2.		,	2	1		
knm/(knm)	. 2		,				. (U	
. 1).					,		y x = ŋ	
•								
2 –	$ig \Psi_{000} angle  ig \Psi_{000} angle \ldots ig \Psi_{222} angle$ -							
<i>U</i> (2)	$U_{nm}(2)$							
$U_{n'm'}(3)$	$U_{00}$	U <sub>10</sub> U <sub>20</sub>	$U_{01}$	$U_{11}$	U <sub>21</sub>	U <sub>02</sub>	<i>U</i> <sub>12</sub>	U <sub>22</sub>
${U}_{00}$	$ \Psi_{000}\rangle$	$ \Psi_{100}\rangle$ $ \Psi_{200}\rangle$	$ \Psi_{010} angle$	$ \Psi_{110} angle$	$ \Psi_{210} angle$	$ \Psi_{020} angle$	$ \Psi_{120} angle$	$ \Psi_{220}\rangle$
${U}_{01}$	$ \Psi_{001}\rangle$	$ \Psi_{101}\rangle$ $ \Psi_{201}\rangle$	$ \Psi_{011}\rangle$	$ \Psi_{111}\rangle$	$ \Psi_{211}\rangle$	$ \Psi_{021}\rangle$	$ \Psi_{121}\rangle$	$ \Psi_{221}\rangle$
$U_{02}$	$ \Psi_{002}\rangle$	$ \Psi_{102}\rangle$ $ \Psi_{202}\rangle$	$ \Psi_{012}\rangle$	$ \Psi_{112}\rangle$	$ \Psi_{212}\rangle$	$ \Psi_{022} angle$	$ \Psi_{122}\rangle$	$ \Psi_{222}\rangle$
(1) $(4)$						2 3		
(1) - (4),		1-			,			•
,		•	. 3					
,		,	2- 3-	,				•
,		,	,					
			,					
	,	<i>z</i> -				3,	,	
,			"0", "1	' "2'		1/3	3	
2-					$ \Psi_{000} angle$		$ 000\rangle$ ,	111>
$ 22\rangle$	1		,			"0" '	101	3-
	1- "2"	" "?" _	:			<sup>10</sup> , '	U	

5,2009

-	3 -				-			
	.1/3 -	, .1 -		, , ,	, .1 -		, 1/3 -	, .1
2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
	•			1	x		T	1
$ x_0\rangle$	$ x_0\rangle$	$ x_0\rangle$	$ x_1\rangle$	$ x_0\rangle$	$ x_2\rangle$	$ x_2\rangle$	$ x_0\rangle$	$ x_1\rangle$
	$ x_1\rangle$	$ x_2\rangle$		$ x_1\rangle$	$ x_1\rangle$		$ x_1\rangle$	$ x_0\rangle$
	$ x_2\rangle$	$ x_1\rangle$		$ x_2\rangle$	$ x_0\rangle$		$ x_2\rangle$	$ x_2\rangle$
			•	•	v			
$ v_0\rangle$	$ v_0\rangle$	$ v_0\rangle$	$ v_1\rangle$	$ v_0\rangle$	$ v_2\rangle$	$ v_2\rangle$	$ v_0\rangle$	$ v_1\rangle$
	$ v_1\rangle$	$ v_2\rangle$		$ v_1\rangle$	$ v_1\rangle$		$ v_1\rangle$	$ v_0\rangle$
	$ v_2\rangle$	$ v_1\rangle$		$ v_2\rangle$	$ v_0\rangle$		$ v_2\rangle$	$ v_2\rangle$
			•	•	t		•	
$\left t_{0}\right\rangle$	$ t_0\rangle$	$\left t_{0}\right\rangle$	$ t_1\rangle$	$ t_0\rangle$	$ t_2\rangle$	$ t_2\rangle$	$ t_0\rangle$	$ t_1\rangle$
	$ t_1\rangle$	$ t_2\rangle$		$ t_1\rangle$	$ t_1\rangle$		$ t_1\rangle$	$ t_0\rangle$
	$ t_2\rangle$	$ t_1\rangle$		$ t_2\rangle$	$ t_0\rangle$		$ t_2\rangle$	$ t_2\rangle$
	•		•	•			•	•

 1.
 .,
 . :
 , 2006.

 2. Bostrom K., Felbinger T. Deterministic secure direct communication using entanglement // Physical Review Letters. - 2002. - V. 89, 18. - 187902.

3. Deng F.-G., Long G.L., Liu X.-S. Two-step quantum direct communication protocol using the Einstein-Podolsky-Rosen pair block // Physical Review A. – 2003. – V. 68, 4. – 042317.

4. Man, Zh.-X, Zhang Zh.-J., Li Y. Deterministic secure direct communication by using swapping quantum entanglement and local unitary operations // Chinese Physics Letters. -2005. -V. 22, 1. -P. 18 -21.

5. Wang Ch., Deng F.G., Long G.L. Multi – step quantum secure direct communication using multi – particle Greenberger – Horne – Zeilinger state // Optics Communications. – 2005. - V. 253, 1. - P. 15 - 20.

6. Gao T., Yan F.-L., Wang Zh.-X. Quantum secure conditional direct communication via EPR pairs // International Journal of Modern Physics C. – 2005. – V. 16, 8. – P. 1293 – 1301.

7. Wang J., Zhang Q., Tang C.J. Multiparty controlled quantum secure direct communication using Greenberger – Horne – Zeilinger state // Optics Communications. – 2006. – V. 266, 2. – P. 732 – 737.

8. Gao T., Yan F.-L., Wang Zh.-X. Deterministic secure direct communication using GHZ states and swapping quantum entanglement// Journal of Physics A. – 2005. – V. 38, 25. – P. 5761 – 5770.

9. Gao T., Yan F.-L., Wang Zh.-X. A Simultaneous quantum secure direct communication scheme between the central party and other *M* parties // Chinese Physics Letters. -2005. - V. 22, 10. - P. 2473 - 2476.

10. Deng F.-G., Li X.-H., Li Ch.-Y., Zhou P., Liang Y.-J., Zhou H.-Y. Multiparty quantum secret report // Chinese Physics Letters. – 2006. – V. 23, 7. – P. 1676 – 1679.

Li X.-H., Li Ch.-Y., Deng F.-G., Zhou P., Liang Y.-J., Zhou H.-Y. Multiparty quantum remote secret con-11. ference // Chinese Physics Letters. - 2007. - V. 24, 1. - P. 23 - 26. Cai Q.-Y., Li B.-W. Improving the capacity of the Bostrom - Felbinger protocol // Physical Review A. -12 5. - 054301. 2004. – V. 69, 13. // . - 2007. - 1. - . 32 - 38. . . 14. // . - 2008. -. 1(29). – . 171 - 176. 15. Experimental demonstration of a hyper - entangled ten - qubit Schrodinger cat state / Gao W.-B, Lu C.-Y., Yao X.-C. et al // [ ] http://arxiv.org/abs/0809.4277. Thew T., Acin A., Zbinden H., Gisin N. Experimental realization of entangled qutrits for quantum com-16. munication // Quantum Information and Computation. - 2004. - V. 4, 2. – P. 93 – 101. Vaziri A., Pan J., Jennewein T., Weihs G., Zeilinger A. Concentration of higher dimensional entangle-17. ment: qutrits of photon orbital angular momentum // Physical Review Letters. - 2003. - V. 91, 22. - 227902. Cerf N.J., Bourennane M., Karlsson A., Gisin N. Security of quantum key distribution using d-level sys-18. tems // Physical Review Letters. - 2002. - V. 88, 12. - 127902. 19. Durt T., Kaszlikowski D., Chen J.-L., Kwek L. C. Security of quantum key distributions with entangled 3. – 032313. qudits // Physical Review A. – 2004. – V. 69, 20. Wang Ch., Deng F.-G., Li Y.-S., Liu X.-S., Long G. L. Quantum secure direct communication with high dimension quantum superdense coding // Physical Review A. – 2005. – V. 71, 4. – 044305. 21. . . . ., // v -2008», 15 - 302008 .-, « . 29. - . 34 - 40. 22. //

. - 2007. - 2. - . 36 - 44. . .

23. Liu X.-S., Long G.L., Tong D.M., Li F. General scheme for superdense coding between multiparties // Physical Review A. – 2002. – V. 65, 2. – 022304.